Translation of financial statements Originally issued in Arabic

Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank – EGYPT (S.A.E)

Condensed interim Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2022 <u>AND Limited Auditors' Report</u>



#### Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank – EGYPT (S.A.E)

#### Condensed interim Financial Statements For the period ended 30 June 2022 <u>AND Limited Auditors' Report</u>

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Translation of report originally issued in Arabic

#### **Report on Limited Review of condensed Interim Financial Statements**

#### To the Board of Directors of Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank – Egypt (S.A.E)

#### Introduction

We have performed a limited review for the accompanying condensed interim financial statements of Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank – Egypt (S.A.E) which comprise of the condensed statement of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and the related condensed statements of income, comprehensive income, change in equity and cash flows for the six-months period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with the basis of recognition and measurement in accordance with the Central Bank of Egypt's rules issued on December 16, 2008 as amended by the regulations issued on February 26, 2019 and in accordance with the Central Bank of Egypt's rules issued on May 3, 2020 related to the preparation of the condensed interim financial statements and the prevailing Egyptian laws related to the preparation of the condensed interim financial statements. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our limited review.

#### **Scope of Limited Review**

We conducted our limited review in accordance with the Egyptian standard on review engagements (2410) "Limited Review of Interim Financial Statement Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A limited review of condensed financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters in the bank and applying analytical and other limited review procedures. A limited review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Egyptian Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion on these condensed interim financial statements.

#### Conclusion

Based on our limited review, nothing has come to our attention that cause us to believe that accompanying condensed interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the bank as of June 30, 2022 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six months period then ended in accordance with the bases of recognition and measurement issued by the central bank of Egypt's rules issued on December 16, 2008 as amended by the regulation issued on February 26, 2019 and in accordance with the Central Bank of Egypt's rules issued on May 3, 2020 related to the issuance of the condensed interim financial statements and the prevailing Egyptian laws related to the preparation of the condensed interim financial statements.



Public Accountants & Consultants



Cairo, August 4, 2022

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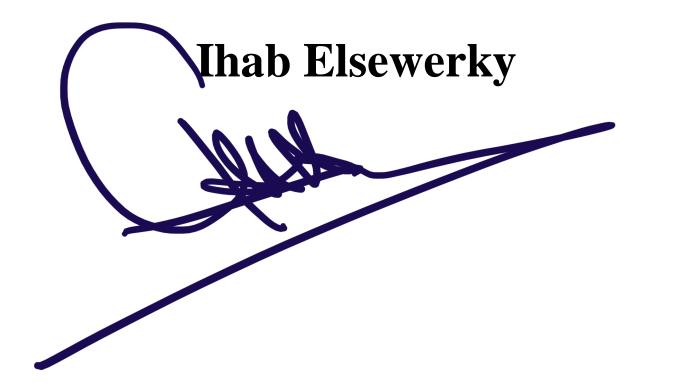
Statement of Financial Position As OF June 30, 2022	Translation of financial statements Originally issued in Arabic			
In Egyptian Pound	Note	30 June 2022	31 December 2021	
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and due from Central Bank of Egypt	(6)	3 468 204 949	4 192 587 117	
Due from banks	(7)	11 208 717 447	5 648 905 303	
Treasury bills at fair value through other comprehensive income	(8)	17 092 767 446	10 813 514 066	
Loans and advances to customers	(9)	25 957 143 252	21 222 172 434	
Investments :				
<ul> <li>At Amortized Cost</li> </ul>	(10)	438 319 956	641 223 070	
<ul> <li>At fair value through other comprehensive income</li> </ul>	(11)	5 015 223 292	4 808 194 852	
Investments in associates	(12)	100	100	
Intangible assets	(13)	32 894 272	44 175 274	
Other assets	(14)	945 773 433	781 781 820	
Property and equipment	(16)	492 350 418	203 607 583	
Total assets		64 651 394 565	48 356 161 619	
Liabilities and shareholders' equity				
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to banks	(17)	52 639 583	145 530 761	
Customers' deposits	(18)	57 185 485 350	41 109 736 634	
Other liabilities	(19)	741 502 117	611 550 757	
Other provisions	(20)	70 876 372	55 700 189	
Deferred tax liabilities	(15)	18 207 933	20 207 933	
Total liabilities		58 068 711 355	41 942 726 274	
Shareholders' equity				
Paid-in capital	(21)	5 000 000 001	1 474 814 253	
Amounts paid under capital increase			3 525 185 748	
Reserves	(21)	859 493 414	688 308 069	
Retained earnings	(21)	723 189 795	725 127 275	
Total shareholders' equity		6 582 683 210	6 413 435 345	
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		64 651 394 565	48 356 161 619	

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (36) are an integral part of these condensed interim Financial Statements and read with it.

- Limited Auditors' report attached.

**Managing Director and CEO** 

Chairman



Mohamed Dhaen Al Hamli



<b>Income Statement for</b>	period	ended June	30,	2022
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Translation of financial statements Originally issued in Arabic

In Egyptian Pound	Note	30 June 2022	30 June 2021	Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 June 2022	Period from 1 April 2021 to 30 June 2021
Interest income on loans and similar revenues	(24)	2 829 183 635	1 921 854 171	1 554 840 583	1 006 813 186
Interest expense and similar charges	(24)	(1 676 057 352)	(1 115 417 088)	( 915 408 486)	( 569 758 704)
Net interest income		1 153 126 283	806 437 083	639 432 097	437 054 482
Fees and Commissions income		254 516 774	136 169 678	120 856 774	71 841 223
Fees and Commissions expenses		(11 624 282)	(8 982 876)	(5 086 205)	(5 222 422)
Net fees and commissions income		242 892 492	127 186 802	115 770 569	66 618 801
Dividends income	(25)	1 323 360	2 602 855	1 323 360	2 380 952
Net trading income	(26)		1 752 008		1 700 163
Gains from financial investments	(27)	12 867 845	1 700 923	4 317 352	(1 371 089)
Expected credit losses impairment	(28)	(215 542 615)	(92 523 946)	(136 795 953)	(47 850 609)
Administrative expenses	(29)	(426 846 480)	(372 129 414)	(216 659 650)	(193 390 649)

Other operating expenses	(30)	1 113 304	27 254 048	(38 280 387)	(1 596 009)
Profit for the period before income tax		768 934 189	502 280 359	369 107 388	263 546 042
Income tax expenses	(15)	(262 057 712)	(144 711 602)	(148 426 117)	(76 045 986)
Net profit for the period		506 876 477	357 568 757	220 681 271	187 500 056
Earnings per share (EGP)	(31)	0.50	1.22	0.21	0.66

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (36) are an integral part of these condensed interim Financial Statements and read with it.



Statement of Other Comprehensive Income for period ended June 30, 2022

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	30 June 2021	Period from 1 April 2022 to 30 June 2022	Period from 1 April 2021 to 30 June 2021
Net profit for the period	506 876 477	357 568 757	220 681 271	187 500 056
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss				
Net change in the fair value of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(190 845 724)	(43 063 060)	(151 310 652)	(18 521)
Income tax related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	42 940 288	9 689 189	34 044 897	4 167
Expected credit losses on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(4 089 884)	( 10 124 442)	(1 761 052)	(1 230 069)
Total other comprehensive income for the period, net after tax	(151 995 320)	(43 498 314)	(119 026 807)	(1 244 423)
Total comprehensive income for the period, net after tax	354 881 157	314 070 444	101 654 464	186 255 633

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (36) are an integral part of these condensed interim Financial Statements and read with it.

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# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY For The period ended 30 June 2022

In Egyptian Pound	<u>Paid-in capital</u>	<u>Paid under</u> capital increase	<u>Treasury Stock</u>	<u>Legal Reserve</u>	<u>General Reserve</u>	<u>Capital Reserve</u>	<u>General banking</u> <u>risk reserve</u>	<u>Fair value</u> <u>reserve –</u> <u>Investment</u> <u>through OCI</u>	<u>Asset Held For</u> <u>Sale reserve</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Period Ended 30 June 2021											
Balance as at January 1, 2021 before distribution	1 474 814 253	_	(82 535 470)	216 236 225	11 504 993	74 167 937	275 272 854	112 651 024	4 171 712	918 966 240	3 005 249 768
Profit distribution (Staff & BOD members) - 2020	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(62 199 737)	(62 199 737)
Profit distribution (shareholders) - 2020	_	737 407 127	_	_		_	_	_	_	(737 407 127)	_
Paid under capital increase	_		_	47 551 315		_	_	_	_	(47 551 315)	_
Transfer to legal reserve	_	_	_	_	_	15 052 147	_	_	_	(15 052 147)	_
Transfer to capital reserve	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(4 332 127)	(4 332 127)
Banking Support and Development Fund		_	_		_	_	288 865 218	_	_	(288 865 218)	_
Transfer to General Risk Reserve								(53 187 502)	_		(53 187 502)
Net of change in fair value of financial investments through OCI	_		_	_		_	_	_	(8 582 971)	_	(8 582 971)
Asset Held For Sale reserve			82 535 470					_			82 535 470
Treasury Stocks		2 784 633 403	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2 784 633 403
Net profit for the period ended June 30, 2021			_	_	_		_	_		357 568 757	357 568 757
Balance as at 30 June 2021	1 474 814 253	3 522 040 530	_	263 787 540	11 504 993	89 220 084	564 138 072	59 463 522	(4 411 259)	121 127 326	6 101 685 061
Period Ended 30 June 2022											
Balance as at January 1, 2022 before distribution	1 474 814 253	3 525 185 748	_	263 787 540	11 504 993	89 220 084	308 044 899	15 750 553	_	725 127 275	6 413 435 345
Profit distribution (Staff & BOD members) – 2021								_		(83 024 585)	(83 024 585)
Profit distribution (shareholders) – 2021										(73 740 713)	(73 740 713)
Transfer to legal reserve				47 302 351				_		(47 302 351)	_
Transfer to capital reserve						237 222 335		_		(237 222 335)	_
Banking Support and Development Fund								_		(4 402 515)	(4 402 515)
Transfer to General Risk Reserve			_				77 506 383	_		(77 506 383)	
Net of change in fair value of financial investments through OCI							_	(190 845 724)			(190 845 724)
Disposal Loss financial Assets Fair value through OCI								_		(1 061 971)	(1 061 971)
Refund part of the BOD remuneration			_				_	_		15 446 896	15 446 896
Paid under capital increase	3 525 185 748	(3 525 185 748)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Net profit for the period ended June 30, 2022			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	506 876 477	506 876 477
Balance as at June 30 2022	5 000 000 001	_	_	311 089 891	11 504 993	326 442 419	385 551 282	(175 095 171)	_	723 189 795	6 582 683 210

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (36) are an integral part of these condensed interim Financial Statements and read with it.

ABU DHABI COMMERCIAL BANK- EGYPT (S.A.E)			
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the period ended June 30, 2022			
In Egyptian Pound	Note	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Cash flow from operating activities			
Net profit for the period before tax		768 934 189	502 280 359
Adjustments to reconcile net profit to cash flow from operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	(16,13)	54 466 989	54 270 840
Reversed charged during the period-other provisions	(20,30)	24 168 144	12 559 333
Reversed charged during the period-due from banks	(7,28)	2 340 613	19 703
Foreign revaluation differences for other provisions	(20)	988 121	( 120 721
Gain on sale of fixed assets	(30)	(70 650 607)	(44 779 178
Dividends payable	(25)	(1 323 360)	(2 602 855
Operating profit before changes in assets and liabilities from operating	. ,	<u> </u>	
activities		778 924 089	521 627 481
Cash flow from operating activities			
Change in due from banks	(7)	(9 067 198 353)	(251 047 561
Change in due from Central Bank of Egypt within reserve percentage	(6)	788 621 366	(1 060 843 584
Change in treasury bills and other governmental notes	(8)	(3 372 310 276)	(1 131 178 142
Financial assets at amortized cost	(10)	_	1 497 639
Change in loans and advances to banks	(9)	(4 720 976 389)	(3 248 067 874
Change in other assets	(14)	(106 050 827)	(78 086 090
Change in due to bank	(17)	(92 891 178)	(631 839 459
Change in customers' deposits	(18)	16 075 748 716	5 822 362 869
Change in used from other provisions	(20)	(9 980 082)	115 603
Change in other liabilities	(19)	85 340 091	171 688 357
Change in income tax paid		(191 216 516)	(96 742 229)
Net cash flow provided from operating activities		168 010 641	19 487 010

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the period ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

In Egyptian Pound	Note	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Cash flow from investing activities			
Payments to purchase fixed assets and establishments of branches		(398 286 090)	(67 617 770
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		79 067 089	58 319 999
Retrieval of financial investments – Amortized cost	(10)	203 700 000	923 050 262
Purchase of financial investment Amortized cost, net investment Fair Value	(12.12)		
through OCI and in associates	(13 12)	(298 815 366)	(870 083 628
Reversed charged during the period provision at fair value through OCI		4 089 884	(10 124 442
Dividends received	(25)	1 323 360	2 602 855
Net cash flow (used in) provided from investing activities		(408 921 123)	36 147 276
Cash flow from financing activities			
Treasury Stocks		-	82 535 470
Paid under capital increase		_	2 784 633 403
Proceeds from other loans		_	(787 511 000
Refund part of the BOD remuneration		15 446 896	_
Dividends paid		(161 167 813)	(66 531 864
Net cash flow (used in) provided from financing activities		(145 720 917)	2 013 126 009
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents during the period		( 386 631 399)	2 068 760 295
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		4 890 554 188	1 221 195 703
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		4 503 922 789	3 289 955 998
For the purpose of preparing the statement of cash flow, the cash and cas	<u>h</u>		
equivalent comprise of the following			
Cash and due from Central Bank of Egypt	(6)	3 468 204 949	2 975 440 378
Due from banks	(7)	11 211 736 432	3 542 071 538
Treasury bills and other governmental notes	(8)	17 903 160 544	10 703 127 395
Due from Central Bank within reserve percentage		(3 206 681 748)	(2 782 772 287
Due from banks (over 3 months maturity)		(10 023 511 844)	(743 383 631
Treasury bills and other governmental notes (over 3 months maturity)		(1/1 8/18 985 5///)	(10 /0/ 527 395

Treasury bills and other governmental notes (over 3 months maturity)	(14 848 985 544)	(10 404 527 395)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4 503 922 789	3 289 955 998

- The accompanying notes from (1) to (36) are an integral part of these condensed interim Financial Statements and read with it.

#### 1- <u>Background</u>

- Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank- Egypt provides retail, corporate and investment banking services in Arab Republic of Egypt and abroad through 46 branches and employs 1165 employees as at 30 June 2022.
- Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Egypt (Union National Bank Egypt formerly) which acquired (Alexandria Commercial and Maritime Bank formerly) is an Egyptian Joint Stock Company as a commercial Bank established in pursuance of Ministerial Decree no, 262 of 1981, published in the Official Gazette in September 12,1981 and in accordance with the provisions of Investment Law No, 43 for the year 1974 and its amendments, which was superseded by Law No, 230 for the Year 1989, cancelled by the Law No, 8 for the year 1997 concerning Investment Guarantees and Incentives. The Bank provides all banking services related to its activity and operates through its Giza Head office, 46 branches and 119 ATMs, the bank is delisted on Egyptian stock exchange since March 25, 2020.
- The extraordinary general assembly dated January 13, 2007 decided to change the bank's name to Union National Bank Egypt from Alexandria Commercial and Maritime Bank and it was annotated in the Bank's Commercial Register.
- The extraordinary general assembly dated June 1, 2020 decided to change the bank's name to Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank Egypt instead of Union National Bank Egypt, and this was indicated in the bank's commercial register on July 26, 2020.
- Board of Directors dated July,27 2022 approved the adoption of the Condensed Interim Financial Statements for period ended June 30, 2022.

#### 2- Summary of significant accounting policies

The following are the most important accounting policies used in preparing these financial statements. These policies have been consistently followed for all the years and period presented, unless otherwise disclosed.

#### A-Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Egyptian Accounting Standards issued during 2006 and its amendments and in accordance with Central Bank of Egypt instructions approved by its Board of Directors as at December 16, 2008 As well as the accompanying explanatory instructions issued in April 2009 and in conformity with the mentioned standards, and after releasing the instructions of the Central Bank of Egypt to prepare the financial statements of banks in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" issued by the

Central Bank of Egypt on 26 February 2019 to be effective from January ,1 2019, Management has adjusted certain policies to comply with these instructions the following notes details the changes in accounting policies.

These financial statements were prepared according to the related local laws.

The accounting policies used when preparing the condensed periodic financial statements are consistent with those used in preparing the financial statements for the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2021.

#### 3- Financial risk management

The bank is exposed to various financial risks, Since the basis of financial activity is to accept risks; some risks or group of risks are analyzed, evaluated and managed all together, Therefore the bank aims to achieve an appropriate balance between the risk and return and to reduce the probable adverse effects on the bank's financial performance.

The most important types of risks are credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and other operating risks. the market risk comprises foreign currency exchange rates, interest rate risk and other price risks.

The risk management policies have been placed to determine and analyze the risks and to set limits to the risk and monitor them through reliable methods and updated systems.

The bank regularly reviews the risk management policies and systems and amends them in order to reflect the changes in market, products and services and the best updated applications.

Those risks are managed by risk department in the light of policies approved by Board of Directors.

The risk department determines, evaluates and covers the financial risks, in coordination with the bank's various operating units, and the Board of Directors provides written policies for management of risks as a whole, in addition to written policies covering specific risk areas, like credit risk, foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, and using the financial derivative and non-derivative instruments, Moreover, the credit risk department is responsible for periodical independent review of risk management and control environment.

#### A-3 Impairment and provisioning policies

The internal rating systems described in note (A/1) focus more on creditquality at the inception of lending and investment activities, Otherwise, impairment provisions recognized at the balance sheet date for financial reporting purposes are losses that have been incurred and based on objective evidence of impairment as will be mentioned below, Due to the different methodologies applied, despite different methods are applied

there was no material impact for potential credit loss in the financial statement by the amount of loss estimated using expected loss model used as at 30 June 2022 for the purpose of compliance to the rules of the CBE in note (A/4).

The impairment loss provision appeared in the balance sheet at the end of the period is derived from the four internal rating grades, However, the majority of the impairment provision comes from the last two ratings, the table below shows the percentage of in-balance sheet items relating to loans and advances and the related impairment loss provision for each rating: -

Bank's rating	30/6	/2022 Impairment	31/1	2/2021 Impairment
	Loans advances	loss provision	Loans advances	loss provision
	%	%	%	%
Performing loans	86.4	7.0	84.8	6.6
Regular watching	4.0	3.6	5.1	1.9
Watch list	3.7	34.9	3.9	30.2
Non-performing loans	5.9	54.5	6.2	61.3
	100	100	100	100

The bank's internal rating helps management to determine whether objective evidence of impairment exists under EAS (26) based on the following criteria set out by the bank:

- Payment delinquency of debtor or loan beneficiary.
- Breach of loan agreement such as a default in payment.
- Possibility of bankruptcy or entering liquidation procedures or financial restructures of granted credit.
- Deterioration of the borrower's competitive position.
- Due to economical or legal reasons, the bank agrees to grant the borrower additional benefits that would not normally be granted in normal circumstances.
- The impairment of the value of collateral.
- Deterioration of customer credit status.

The bank policies require the review of all financial assets that exceed defined relative importance at least annually or more when necessary, the impairment loss is determined on individual basis by assessing the realized loss at the reporting date on each individual case & to be applied individually to all account that have relative importance, Valuation usually

includes the outstanding collateral, the related enforcements on these collaterals and the expected collections from those accounts,

Impairment loss provision is formed based on group of similar assets using the historical experience available, personal judgment and statistical methods,

#### A-4 General module to measure banking general risk

In addition to the four categories of credit rating indicated in note (A/1) the management makes more detailed groups in accordance with the Central Bank of Egypt (CBE) requirements,

Assets exposed to credit risk in these categories are classified according to detailed conditions and terms depending on information related to the customer, it's activities, financial position and payment performance,

The bank calculates the provisions required for impairment of assets exposed to credit risk, including commitments relating to credit on the basis of rates determined by CBE, In the case, the provision required for impairment losses as per CBE regulations exceeds the provision required for financial statements preparation purposes according to the Egyptian Accounting Standards, this increase shall be debited from the retained earnings to and credited to the "general banking risk reserve" under the equity caption, This reserve is regularly adjusted with this increase and decrease, to equal the amount of increase and decrease in the two provisions, This reserve is not distributable,

The rating categories based on internal evaluation techniques and their comparative figures used by the Central Bank of Egypt and the required provisions percentage for impairment of the assets exposed to credit risk.

The management is confident of its ability to maintain control on an ongoing basis and maintain the minimum credit risk resulting from the portfolio of loans and advances, and debt instruments as follows:

- 30.6 % of the loans and advances portfolio is classified at the highest two ratings in the internal rating.
- 82.1 % of the loans and advances portfolio having no past due or impairment indicators.
- Mortgage loans, which represent a significant part of the portfolio, are covered by guarantees.
- Loans and advances that have been evaluated on an individual basis of total amount EGP 906 M which represent 3.3 % and the provision formed and interest in suspense amount EGP 554 M represent 61.2 % of it.

The bank applies a more conservative way in granting loans and advances to customers during the period.

#### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### Maximum limits for credit risk before collaterals through OCI A-5

Balance sheet items exposed to credit risks

In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Treasury bills and other governmental securities through OCI	17 903 160 544	11 476 675 268
Customers loans and advances		
Retail loans:		
Overdraft Accounts	108 584 216	108 542 687
Personal loans	7 662 448 825	7 020 431 192
Real Estate Finance loans	192 222 336	196 280 110
Credit cards	85 526 642	59 395 009
Corporate loans:		
Overdraft Accounts	5 526 244 635	4 430 732 523
Syndicated loans	1 948 504 756	1 770 149 952
Direct loans	11 203 481 856	8 205 940 481
Discounted commercial bills	464 993 244	499 366 709
Financial investments:		
Debt instruments at amortized cost	438 319 956	641 223 070
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	5 088 513 352	4 957 027 684
Total	50 622 000 361	39 365 764 686
Credit risk exposures of off balance sheet items		
Credit commitments (couldn't be cancelled)	574 905 884	372 309 558
Letters of guarantees	5 363 590 880	4 008 252 978
Letters of guarantees based on other banks requests	6 274 183 284	5 272 430 178
Letters of credit	1 748 417 788	981 156 136
Other financial liabilities	629 414 110	556 084 935
Total	14 590 511 946	11 190 233 785

The above table represents the maximum limit for credit risk as of 30 June 2022, without taking into considerations any collateral for balance-sheet items.

As shown in the preceding table, 53 % of the total maximum limit exposed to credit risk resulted from loans and advances to customers and banks, while 46 % represents investments in debt instruments.

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

### A-5-1 Items at credit risk in accordance with the requirements of IFRS9

According to the instructions of the Central Bank of Egypt to prepare financial statements for banks in accordance with the requirements of the International Standard for Financial Reports (9) "Financial Instruments" issued by the Central Bank of Egypt on February 26, 2019, Financial assets are classified at the date of the financial statements into three stages to measure the expected credit losses from those financial assets, based on the change in credit quality since their first recognition within three stages. We review the following financial assets distributed according to the evaluation stages:

In Egyptian pound	The first stage	The second stage	The third stage	Total
Due from banks	1 513 800 130			1 513 800 130
Financial investments	3 436 887 035	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3 436 887 035
Loans and facilities – corporate	16 250 840 313	1 978 563 478	913 820 700	19 143 224 491
Loans and facilities – retail	7 043 306 702	851 515 109	153 960 208	8 048 782 019
Contingent liabilities	12 523 294 520	48 805 506	7 880 223	12 579 980 249
Loan commitments and facilities - corporate clients	574 905 884	_	_	574 905 884
Total	41 343 034 584	2 878 884 093	1 075 661 131	45 297 579 808

		31 Decem	ber 2021	
In Egyptian pound	The first stage	The second stage	The third stage	Total

30 June 2022

Total	31 982 078 672	2 602 752 769	956 409 766	35 541 241 208
Loan commitments and facilities - corporate clients	372 309 558	_		372 309 558
Contingent liabilities	9 643 392 636	25 724 104	9 509 077	9 678 625 817
Loans and facilities – retail	6 496 888 343	723 007 905	164 752 750	7 384 648 998
Loans and facilities - corporate	12 270 020 966	1 854 020 760	782 147 939	14 906 189 665
Financial investments	2 693 073 232	_	_	2 693 073 232
Due from banks	506 393 938	_	_	506 393 938



Provision Contingent liabilities

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

### A-5-2 Expected credit losses in accordance with the requirements of IFRS9

According to the instructions of the Central Bank of Egypt to prepare financial statements for banks in accordance with the requirements of the International Standard for .Financial Reports (9) "Financial Instruments" issued by the Central Bank of Egypt on February 26, 2019

		30 June 2022						
In Egyptian pound	The first stage	The second stage	The third stage	Total				
Due from banks	3 018 985			3 018 985				
Financial investments	12 888 385	_	_	12 888 385				
Loans and facilities – corporate	22 370 308	477 601 809	479 754 561	979 726 678				
Loans and facilities – retail	54 807 484	22 292 258	92 576 056	169 675 798				
Contingent liabilities	14 567 777	2 984 371	5 931 426	23 483 574				
Loan commitments and facilities - corporate clients	963 807	_		963 807				
Total	108 616 746	502 878 438	578 262 043	1 189 757 227				

	1 172 886 050	1 541 001 782	368 115 732
Provision Contingent liabilities	23 483 574	132 530 868	109 047 294
Loan provision (regular / irregular)	1 149 402 476	1 408 470 914	259 068 438
In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	30 June 2022	
	requirements of IFRS9		
without the unused portion of the facility limits	accordance with the	basis of creditworthiness	risk rating and IFRS 9
Impairment provision of loans and contingent liabilities	impairment is in	Provision for impairment in accordance with the	The difference between
	The provision for	Descriptions for the sime and	

	31 December 2021							
In Egyptian pound	The first stage	The second stage	The third stage	Total				
Due from banks	678 372			678 372				
Financial investments	8 798 501			8 798 501				
Loans and facilities – corporate	11 746 369	334 531 982	458 640 311	804 918 662				
Loans and facilities – retail	55 038 255	19 088 407	90 165 693	164 292 355				
Contingent liabilities	8 752 880	352 061	7 446 492	16 551 433				
Loan commitments and facilities - corporate clients	328 537			328 537				
Total	85 342 914	353 972 450	556 252 496	995 567 860				
Impairment provision of loans and contingent liabilities		The provision for impairment is in	Provision for impairment	The difference between				
without the unused portion of the facility limits		accordance with the	in accordance with the basis of creditworthiness	risk rating and IFRS 9				
In Egyptian pound		requirements of IFRS9 31 December 2021	31 December 2021					
Loan provision (regular / irregular)		969 211 017	1 187 390 467	218 179 450				

16 551 433

985 762 450

88 981 332

1 276 371 799

72 429 899

290 609 349



Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

A-5-3 <u>Movement of expected credit losses in accordance with the requirements of IFRS9</u> According to the instructions of the Central Bank of Egypt to prepare financial statemen Instruments" issued by the Central Bank of Egypt on February 26, 2019.

		30 June 2022								
	Note	Balance at the beginning of the period	Provision for impairment losses	refund of loans previously written off	Amounts written off during the period	Foreign currencies revaluation differences	Negated the purpose	Balance a of the		
Due from banks	(7)	678 372	2 340 613	_	_	_	_			
Loans and facilities – corporate clients	(9)	804 918 662	181 271 831	197 774	(40 583 620)	33 922 031	_	97		
Loans and facilities – retail clients	(9)	164 292 355	27 840 287	24 161 261	(46 618 105)		_	16		
Total provision for expected credit losses (1)		969 889 389	211 452 731	24 359 035	(87 201 725)	33 922 031	_	1 15		

	Note b	Balance at the eginning of the period	Provision for impairment losses	refund of loans previously written off	Amounts written off during the period	Foreign currencies revaluation differences	Negated the purpose	Balance a of the
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income statement	(21)	8 798 501	4 089 884	_	_	_	_	1
Total provision for expected credit losses (2)		8 798 501	4 089 884	_	_	_	_	12

	Note	Balance at the beginning of the period	Provision for impairment losses	refund of loans previously written off	Amounts written off during the period	Foreign currencies revaluation differences	Negated the purpose	Balance at of the I
Contingent liabilities	(20)	16 551 433	7 032 874	540 000	(1 628 854)	988 121	_	2.
Loan commitments and facilities – corporate clients	(20)	328 537	635 270	_	_	_	_	
Total provision for expected credit losses (3)		16 879 970	7 668 144	540 000	(1 628 854)	988 121	_	24
Total expected credit losses (1 + 2 + 3)		995 567 860	223 210 759	24 899 035	(88 830 579)	34 910 152	_	1 189

According to the instructions of the Central Bank of Egypt to prepare financial statements for banks in accordance with the requirements of the International Standard for Financial Reports (9) "Financial

# e at the end ne period

e at the end ne period

#### A-6 Loans and advances

Loans and advances are summarized according to their credit rating as follows: -

#### Loans and advances to customers

In Egyptian Pound	30/6/2022	31/12/2021
Neither past dues nor impaired	22 316 868 935	18 128 146 748
Past dues but not impaired	3 264 763 726	2 791 755 658
Past dues are subjected to impairment	1 610 373 849	1 370 936 257
Total	27 192 006 510	22 290 838 663
<u>(Less</u> ):		
Unearned revenue and discount	(6 603 136)	(7 655 264)
Impairment loss provision	(1 149 402 476)	(969 211 017)
Interest in suspense	(78 857 646)	(91 799 948)
Net	25 957 143 252	21 222 172 434

Note (9) include additional information regarding impairment loss provision on loans and advances to customers and banks.

The credit quality of the loans and advances portfolio that are neither having past due nor subject to impairment are evaluated by the internal rating of the bank.

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### A-6 Loans and advances neither having past due nor subject to impairment

				30 Jun	e 2022					
Valuation_			<u>Retail</u>				<u>Corporate</u>			
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	<u>Credit cards</u>	Personal loans	<u>Real Estate</u> <u>Finance</u>	<u>Total Retail</u>	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Syndicated loans	<u>Direct Ioan</u>	Total Corporate	<u>Total</u>
1-Performing loans	108 584 217	70 949 578	6 823 532 580	163 066 189	7 166 132 564	5 991 237 879	1 546 431 285	5 529 804 394	13 067 473 558	20 233 606 122
2-Regular follow up		_		_	_		11 632 038	1 067 344 267	1 078 976 305	1 078 976 305
3-Watch list		_		_	_	_	225 559 083	778 727 425	1 004 286 508	1 004 286 508
Total	108 584 217	70 949 578	6 823 532 580	163 066 189	7 166 132 564	5 991 237 879	1 783 622 406	7 375 876 086	15 150 736 371	22 316 868 935

#### 31 December 2021

Valuation_			<u>Retail</u>				<u>Corporate</u>			
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	<u>Credit cards</u>	Personal loans	<u>Real Estate</u> <u>Finance</u>	<u>Total Retail</u>	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Syndicated loans	<u>Direct Ioan</u>	<u>Total Corporate</u>	<u>Total</u>
1-Performing loans	108 542 687	51 156 850	6 240 148 049	173 270 301	6 573 117 887	4 930 099 232	1 410 853 752	3 200 628 994	9 541 581 978	16 114 699 865
2-Regular follow up		_		_	_		221 624 014	923 659 774	1 145 283 788	1 145 283 788
3-Watch list		_		_	_			868 163 095	868 163 095	868 163 095
Total	108 542 687	51 156 850	6 240 148 049	173 270 301	6 573 117 887	4 930 099 232	1 632 477 766	4 992 451 863	11 555 028 861	18 128 146 748

The non performing segments of secured loans are not subject to impairment after considering the collectability of the guarantees.

|--|

#### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### Loans and advances having past due and not subject to impairment

Loans and advances having past due up till 30 days and are not subject to impairment, unless there is information to the contrary. Loans and advances having past due and not subject to impairment are as follows:

				30 Jun	e 2022					
<u>Valuation</u>		<u>Retail</u>					<u>Corporate</u>			
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	<u>Credit cards</u>	Personal loans	Real Estate Finance	<u>Total Retail</u>	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Syndicated loans	Direct loan	<u>Total Corporate</u>	<u>Total</u>
Past due less than 30 days			162 485 262	16 103 057	178 588 319			3 086 175 407	3 086 175 407	3 264 763 726
Total	-	-	162 485 262	16 103 057	178 588 319	-	-	3 086 175 407	3 086 175 407	3 264 763 726
<u>Valuation</u>	31 December 2021 <u>Retail</u> <u>Corporate</u>									
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Credit cards	Personal loans	Real Estate Finance	<u>Total Retail</u>	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Syndicated loans	Direct loan	Total Corporate	<u>Total</u>
Past due less than 30 days	_	_	198 538 739	7 999 219	206 537 958		_	2 585 217 700	2 585 217 700	2 791 755 658
Total	-	-	198 538 739	7 999 219	206 537 958	-	-	2 585 217 700	2 585 217 700	2 791 755 658



#### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### Loans and advances subject to individual impairment

Loans and advances subject to individual impairment regardless any cash flows from collaterals amounted to EGP 1 491 088 495

The breakdown of the total loans and advances subject to individual impairment including fair value of collaterals obtained by the bank in respect of loans granted are as follows:

					30 June 2022						
Valuation_			<u>Retail</u>				<u>Corporate</u>				
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Credit cards	Personal loans	Real Estate Finance	Total Retail	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Syndicated loans	Direct loan	Net loans and advances	Total Corporate	Total
-											
Balance	-	14 577 063	676 430 983	13 053 090	704 061 136	-	164 882 350	741 430 363	-	906 312 713	1 610 373 849
Fair value of collaterals	-	_	_	-	-	_	53 028 921	66 256 433	-	119 285 354	119 285 354

31 December 2021

<u>Valuation</u>			<u>Retail</u>				<u>Corporate</u>				
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Credit cards	Personal loans	Real Estate Finance	Total Retail	<u>Overdraft</u> <u>Accounts</u>	Syndicated loans	Direct loan	<u>Net loans and</u> <u>advances</u>	Total Corporate	Total
Balance		8 238 159	581 744 404	15 010 590	604 993 153		137 672 186	628 270 918		765 943 104	1 370 936 257
Fair value of collaterals	-	_	-	-	-	-	44 325 294	40 749 135	-	85 074 429	85 074 429

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

A -7 Debt instruments, treasury bills and other governmental notes, Based on Moody's rating agency Moodys for credit rating

In Egyptian Pound	<u>Treasury bills</u> <u>and other</u> governmental <u>notes</u>	Financial assets held for trading	<u>Other</u> <u>Financial</u> Investments	<u>Total</u>
Classification of B2	17 903 160 544		3 953 569 755	21 856 730 299
Total	17 903 160 544	-	3 953 569 755	21 856 730 299

#### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### A-8 Concentration of risks of financial assets exposed to credit risk

The following table provides a breakdown of the bank's significant credit risk concentration at their carrying amounts, distributed by geographical sector as at the end of the period:

In Egyptian Pound	Cairo	Alexandria, Delta and Canal	Upper Egypt & Red Sea	Total
Treasury bills and other governmental notes	17 903 160 544	_		17 903 160 544
Loans and advances to customers:				
Retail:				
Overdraft Accounts	44 878 509	56 619 694	7 086 013	108 584 216
Personal loans	3 816 939 158	3 165 175 592	680 334 075	7 662 448 825
Real Estate Finance loans	162 200 031	30 022 305		192 222 336
Credit cards	46 474 382	28 923 176	10 129 084	85 526 642
Corporate:				
Overdraft Accounts	4 264 430 223	1 227 735 022	34 079 390	5 526 244 635
Syndicated loans	1 455 539 252	492 965 504		1 948 504 756
Direct loans	7 637 174 899	3 483 493 095	82 813 862	11 203 481 856
Discounted commercial bills		464 993 244		464 993 244
Other Financial investments				
Debt instruments at amortized cost	438 319 956			438 319 956
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	5 088 513 352			5 088 513 352
Total as at 30June 2022	40 857 630 306	8 949 927 632	814 442 424	50 622 000 362

#### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### A-9 Concentration of risks of financial assets exposed to credit risk

The following table provides a breakdown of the most significant credit risk limits at their carrying amounts categorized according to the customer's line of business:

In thousand Egyptian pound	Manufacturing institutions	Trading activity	<u>Governmental</u> sector/General	<u>Others</u>	<u>Retail</u>	<u>Total</u>
Treasury bills and other governmental notes			17 903 161			17 903 161
Financial assets held for trading						
Debt instruments	_	_		_	_	_
Loans and advances to customers	7 680 829	3 660 557	1 901 689	5 900 149	8 048 782	27 192 006
Financial investments						
Debt instruments at amortized cost	_	_	438 320	_	_	438 320
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	_	_	3 953 570	1 134 944	-	5 088 514
Total as at 30 June 2022	7 680 829	3 660 557	24 196 740	7 035 093	8 048 782	50 622 001

#### B- Market risk

The bank is exposed to market risks that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, Market risks emerges from open markets unsealed to interest rate, currency, and equity instruments; each is exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in sensitivity levels of market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity instrument prices. The bank classifies its exposure to market risk into trading and nontrading portfolios.

The bank market risk department is responsible for managing the market risks arising from trading and non-trading activities.

Trading portfolios include transactions where the bank directly deals with clients or with the market; while non-trading portfolios primarily arise from managing assets and liabilities interest rate related to retail transactions. Non-trading portfolios also includes foreign currency exchange risk and equity instruments risks arising from the available-for-sale investments.

#### B-1 Market risk measurement techniques

As part of market risk management, the bank undertakes various hedging strategies as well as entering into fixed interest rate swap agreements. The significant measurement techniques used to control market risk are outlined below.

#### - Value at Risk

The bank applies a 'value at risk' methodology (VAR) for trading and nontrading portfolios to estimate the market risk of outstanding positions and the maximum expected losses based on a number of scenarios for various changes in market conditions. The board of director sets limits for the value at risk that may be classified separately by the bank as for trading and nontrading portfolios and the process is daily monitored by the risk management department.

Value at risk is a statistical expectation of the expected losses on the current portfolio resulting from adverse market movements. It represents the 'maximum' loss the bank is expected to incur. When using a specified confidence level, there is statistical probability that the actual losses exceed the estimated VAR. The VAR module assumes that there is a specified holding period (1 day) before closing the opened position. It also assumes that market movements during the holding period will be consistent with the previous day pattern The bank assesses the past movement based on data from previous periods, and applies these historical changes in rates, prices and indicators directly to its current positions this approach is known as

historical simulation. Actual outcomes are monitored regularly to test the validity of the assumptions and factors used in the VAR calculation.

The quality of the value at risk model is continuously monitored through assurance tests to the VAR results for trading portfolio and results are reported to the top management and board of directors.

#### - Stress Testing

Stress testing provides an indication of the expected losses that may arise from sharp adverse circumstances. Stress testing is designed to match business using standard analysis for specific scenarios. The stress testing carried out by the bank market risk department includes: risk factor stress testing where sharp movements are applied to each risk category, emerging market stress test where emerging market are subject to sharp movements, and special stress test including possible material stress events affecting specific locations or regions, for example the stress outcome to a region applying a free currency rate.

The results of the stress testing are reviewed by top management and board of directors.

#### B-2VAR summary

The total value at risk for trading in addition to the active and listed shares for non-trading according to the type of risk as at:

	Average	Maximum	Minimum							
Foreign exchange risk	211 092	534 692	47 193							
Interest rate risk	40 657 867	47 231 325	35 804 065							
Equity instruments risk	-	-	-							

#### 30 June 2022

#### 31 December 2021

	Average	Maximum	Minimum
Foreign exchange risk	45 795	86 206	4 031
Interest rate risk	32 984 907	34 749 750	30 939 161
Equity instruments risk	-	-	-

The increase in VAR especially the interest rate risk is directly proportional to the increase in market interest rates volatility in the global financial markets.

The above three VAR results are calculated independently from the underlying positions and historical market movements with a simple way without using complex quantitative techniques. The aggregate of the trading and non-trading VAR results does not represent the bank's value at risk due to correlations between risk types and portfolio types and their various resulted effects.

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

# B-3 The risk of fluctuation in foreign exchange rates

The bank is exposed to the risk of fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on the financial position and the Board of Directors has set limits for foreign currencies by the total value of each of the centers at the end of the day as well as during the day that is monitored at the moment. The following table summarizes the extent of the bank's exposure to the risk of fluctuations in the foreign exchange rate At the end of the financial position, the following table includes the book value of the financial instruments distributed in the currencies that make up them:

In thousand Egyptian pound

# **Financial assets**

Cash and due from central banks

Due from banks

Treasury bills and other governmental notes

Loans and advances to customers

# **Financial investments**

Amortized cost

 At fair value through other comprehensive income Fixed and intangible assets

Other financial assets

Total financial assets

# **Financial liabilities**

Due to banks

Customer's deposits

Other financial liabilities and deferred tax

Other provisions

Total share holder's equity

**Total financial liabilities** 

Net financial position

Purchasing

Net financial position

Loan Commitments – Irrevocable

Letters of credit

Letters of guarantees

Other financial liabilities

Total

EGP	USD	<u>Euro</u>	<u>GBP</u>	Other currencies	<u>Total</u>
 3 412 744	42 819	9 963	30	2 649	3 468 205
 8 778 331	2 272 845	120 341	8 588	28 612	11 208 717
 15 011 961	2 061 051	19 756	_	_	17 092 768
 23 335 435	2 552 947	68 604	91	66	25 957 143
 438 320					438 320
 4 839 965	175 259	_	_		5 015 224
 32 894	_	_	_	_	32 894
 1 432 898	5 105	121			1 438 124
57 282 548	7 110 026	218 785	8 709	31 327	64 651 395
 6 113	46 308	168		51	52 640
 49 829 115	7 105 531	214 239	8 515	28 085	57 185 486
 697 146	62 306	259	_		759 710
 66 612	4 107	157	_		70 876
 6 582 683	_	_	_		6 582 683
57 181 669	7 218 252	214 823	8 515	28 136	64 651 395
100 879	(108 226)	3 962	194	3 191	
 _	_	_	_	_	_
 100 879	(108 226)	3 962	194	3 191	_
 508 532	66 374		_		574 906
 9 343	580 936	130 310	_		720 589
 4 753 551	327 075	13 205			5 093 831
 629 414	_	_	_		629 414
 5 900 840	974 385	143 515	_		7 018 740

#### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### B-4 Interest rate risk

The bank is exposed to the impact of the fluctuation in interest rate prevailing in the market; this risk is defined as "cash flows interest rate risk" which is the risk of fluctuation in the future cash flows of a financial instrument due to changes in interest rates of the instrument. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk of fluctuation in the fair market value of a financial instrument due to changes in market interest rates. Yield margins may increase as a result

of such changes but it may cause profits to decrease when unexpected movements occur. The table below summarizes the bank's exposure to interest rate risks including the financial instruments at carrying amounts classified according to its maturities

In thousand Egyptian pound	<u>Up to one month</u>	<u>More than one month</u> <u>till three months</u>	<u>More than three</u> month till one year	<u>More than one year</u> <u>till five years</u>	<u>Financial Assets and</u> <u>Liabilities non</u> interest bearing	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets						
Cash and due from central banks					3 468 205	3 468 205
Due from banks	7 957 290	2 264 430	747 572		239 425	11 208 717
Treasury bills and other governmental notes	1 118 063	4 278 894	11 695 811	_		17 092 768
Loans and advances to customers	6 371 782	2 342 261	7 166 450	9 604 784	471 866	25 957 143
Financial investments						
<ul> <li>Amortized cost</li> </ul>	_	-	345 127	93 193	-	438 320
<ul> <li>At fair value through other comprehensive income</li> </ul>	_	-	1 685 687	3 304 168	25 369	5 015 224
Intangible assets	_	_	-	_	32 894	32 894
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	945 774	945 774
Fixed assets	_	_	_	_	492 350	492 350
Total financial assets	15 447 135	8 885 585	21 640 647	13 002 145	5 675 883	64 651 395
Financial liabilities						
Due to banks	_	_	_	_	52 640	52 640
Customer's deposits	6 679 318	11 275 205	21 735 683	14 333 664	3 161 615	57 185 485
Share holder's equity					6 582 683	6 582 683
Other financial liabilities					830 587	830 587
Total financial liabilities	6 679 318	11 275 205	21 735 683	14 333 664	10 627 525	64 651 395
Interest re-pricing gap	8 767 817	(2 389 620)	( 95 036)	(1 331 519)	(4 951 642)	-

#### C- Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents difficulty the bank faces in meeting its financial obligations when they fall due and replace funds when they are withdrawn. This may result in failure in fulfilling the bank's obligation to repay to the depositors and fulfilling lending commitments.

#### - Liquidity risk management process

The bank's liquidity risk monitoring process carried out by the bank's assets and liabilities management includes:

- Daily funding is managed by monitoring future cash expenditure to ensure that all requirements can be met when due. This includes availability of liquidity as they become due or to be lent to customers. The bank maintains an active presence in global money markets to ensure achievement of such objective.
- The bank maintains a portfolio of highly marketable securities that are assumed to be easily liquidated in the event of an unforeseen interruption of cash flows.
- Monitoring liquidity ratios in relation with internal requirements and Central Bank of Egypt requirements.
- Managing loans concentration and maturities.
  - For monitoring and reporting purposes, the bank calculates the expected cash flows for the next day, week and month which are the primary periods for liquidity management, the starting point to calculate these projections is analyzing the financial liabilities maturities and expected financial assets collections.

Assets and liabilities management monitors the mismatch between medium term assets, the value and nature of the unutilized portion of loans commitments, overdraft utilizations, and the impact of contingent liabilities such as letters of guarantees and letters of credit.

#### - Funding approach

Liquidity Sources are regularly reviewed by independent team in the bank Assets and liabilities management for the purpose of maintaining a wide diversification by currency geography source of products and maturities.

#### D- Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

#### D-1 Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The table below summarizes the carrying amounts and fair values for those financial assets and liabilities not presented in the bank's balance sheet at their fair value:

	30/6/2022		31/12/2021	
	<u>Book</u>	Fair value	<u>Book</u>	Fair value
In thousand Egyptian pound	<u>value</u>		<u>value</u>	
Financial assets				
Loans and advances to customers				
-Retail	8 048 782	8 048 782	7 384 649	7 384 649
-Corporate	19 143 224	19 143 224	14 906 190	14 906 190
Financial Investements at	_	_	641 223	641 223
amortized cost	_	_	041223	041223
Financial liabilities				
Due to banks	52 639	52 639	145 531	145 531
Customer's deposits				
-Retail	10 586 248	10 586 248	10 409 172	10 409 172
-Corporate	46 599 237	46 599 237	30 700 564	30 700 564

#### E- Capital management

The bank's objectives behind capital management which include items in addition to equity section reported in the balance sheet are represented in the following:

- Compliance with capital legal requirements in Egypt.
- Protecting the bank's ability to continue as a going concern and enabling it to generate yield for shareholders and other parties dealing with the bank.
- Maintaining a strong capital base to enhance business growth.

Capital adequacy and uses are reviewed daily in accordance with the regulatory authority's requirements (Central Bank of Egypt) by the bank's management through models based on Basel Committee on Banking Supervision; these data are submitted to the Central Bank of Egypt on quarterly basis.

CBE requires the following from the bank:

- Maintaining LE 5 billion as a minimum requirement for the issued and paid up capital.
- Maintaining a percentage of 12.50 % or more between capital elements and risk-weighted asset and contingent liability elements.

The Bank is recognized as a single group that includes the Bank in all its branches at home and abroad and all other financial companies in which owned its or related parties hold more than 50% of the shareholders' equity or any percentage that enables it to control.

#### F- Capital management (continue)

The numerator of the capital adequacy comprises the following 2 tiers:

#### Tier 1:

**Core capital**: it is the basic capital which comprises paid up capital (after deducting the carrying amount of the treasury stocks) and retained earnings and reserves resulting from dividends except the general banking risks reserve any previously recognized goodwill and any accumulated deficit are to be deducted.

Additional capital: it is carried forward profit & loss and minority rights and difference between nominal value and fair value for subordinated loan.

#### <u> Tier 2:</u>

It includes 45% of each of (foreign exchange reserve value reserve for financial investments in Associates companies) subordinated loan and impairment provisions against debt instruments facilities and contingent obligations for the first stage with no more than 1.25% of the trade credit of the contingent assets and liabilities weighted by risk. When applying the standard method.

When calculating the total numerator of capital adequacy continued capital after deductions should not be less than 4.5 % from total credit risk operating risk and market risk. And tier I capital should not be less than 8.50 % from total credit risk operating risk and market risk; and subordinated loan should not exceed 50% of tier 1.

The bank has complied with all local capital requirements during the last two years. The following schedule summarizes the components of Tier I capital Tier II capital and capital adequacy ratio as of 30 June 2022.

### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

In thousand Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Capital		
Tier I Capital		
Core capital after deductions		
Share capital (net of treasury stocks)	5 000 000	5 000 000
IFRS9 risk reserve	649 037	649 037
Retained earnings	196 183	279 435
Total cumulative other comprehensive income after control adjustments	( 175 095)	15 750
Additional Going Concern		
Quarterly interim profit / (losses)	506 876	_
Deduct from Common Equity		
(-) Deduct 100% from net of Intangible assets(Other than goodwill)	( 32 894)	( 44 175)
(-) Deduct total the fair value for investment FVOCI Which have been		
reclassified to Amortized cost investments	( 323)	( 662)
Total Tier I	6 143 784	5 899 385
Tier 2 Capital (subordinated capital)		
Provision for performing loans, facilities & Off BS within 1.25% of total credit risk for		
assets and weighted average potential liabilities when applying standardize approach	105 509	85 343
amount for financial investments (FVOCI, Amortized cost and in subsidiaries and	105 598	
associates)		
Total Tier 2 capital	105 598	85 343
Total capital based after deductions	6 249 382	5 984 728
Total Assets and potential liabilities weighted by credit risk	30 649 661	25 074 181
Capital requirements for operating risk	1 588 177	2 400 803
Total Assets and potential liabilities weighted by credit, market and	32 237 838	27 474 984
operating risk		2/ 7/7 /04
Capital adequacy ratio (%)	19.39%	21.8%



Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### Leverage Ratio

	In Thousand Egyptian Pounds	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
First	Tier 1 capital after Exclusions	6 143 784	5 899 385
Second	On–Off balance sheet exposures items		
1	Exposures on-balance sheet and financial derivatives and securities finance		
	Cash and due from Central Bank of Egypt (CBE)	10 654 064	8 568 846
	Due from Banks	4 025 877	1 273 325
	Treasury bills and other Government securities	17 141 750	10 868 384
	REPO	( 48 982)	( 54 871)
	Financial investments Fair Value through OCI	5 015 225	4 984 531
	Financial investments Amortized Cost	438 320	641 223
	Loans and credit facilities to customers	26 119 781	22 290 839
	Fixed Assets (after deducting depreciation and impairment losses)	492 350	203 608
	Other assets	979 126	783 842
	Deducted amounts from exposures (after deducting Tier I Exclusions for capital base)	( 32 894)	( 946 601)
	Total on-balance sheet exposures items after deducting after Tier I Exclusions for	64 784 617	48 613 126
	capital base.		
2	Exposures off-balance sheet		
	Contingent liabilities (1)		
	Import L/Cs	144 118	71 293
	L/Gs	2 542 458	1 912 974
	L/Gs according to foreign banks	3 137 092	2 636 215
	Accepted papers	137 983	148 391
	Re-discounted Commercial paper	353 395	75 391
	Commitments (2)		
	Operating lease commitments	629 414	556 085
	Loan commitments to clients/banks (unutilized part) within original maturity	639 708	500 401

Total Exposures off-balance sheet	7 584 168	5 900 750
Total On–Off balance sheet exposures items $(1)$ + $(2)$	72 368 785	54 513 876
Leverage financial ratio	8.49%	10.82%

#### 4- Significant accounting estimates and assumptions

The bank applies estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities disclosed in the next financial period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously assessed based on past experience and other factors including the expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable in light of the available circumstances and information.

#### A - Impairment losses for loans and advances (expected credit losses)

The Bank reviews its loan portfolios to assess impairment on quarterly basis at In determining whether impairment loss should be recorded in the least income statement The bank has to identify if there is objective evidence indicating a decline in the expected future cash flows from loan portfolio before identifying any decline on individual basis This evidence include data indicating negative changes in a borrower's portfolio ability to repay to the bank or local or economic circumstances related to default of bank assets Upon scheduling future cash flows the management use estimates based on prior loss experience to determine the credit impairment loss for assets when there is objective evidence of impairment similar to that of the portfolio. The methods and assumptions used in estimating both the amount and timing of the future cash flows are reviewed on a regular basis to minimize any differences between the estimated loss and actual loss based on experience

# B - Impairment of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

The bank determine the impairment loss relating to available for sale equity investments when there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost A judgment is required to determine that the decline is significant or prolonged In making this judgment the bank evaluates among other factors the usual volatility of the share price In addition impairment loss may be recognized when there is evidence of deterioration in the investee financial condition or operating /finance cash flow industry or sector performance or in changes in technology.

#### **C** - Impairment of Financial investment at amortized cost

The non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates are classified as held to maturity. This classification requires high degree of judgment; in return the bank assesses the intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity. If the bank fails to hold such investments till maturity except for certain circumstances (selling an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity investments near to maturity date) then all held to maturity investment portfolio should be reclassified as available for sale which will be measured at fair value instead of amortized cost. In addition the bank should cease classifying investments as held to maturity caption.

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### 5- A-Segment analysis In Egyptian Pound Treasury & **Corporate** Retail **Financial** <u>Total</u> Institutions **Revenues and expenses according to business segment** 1 923 475 552 1 728 480 540 Segment revenues 3 711 355 428 7 363 311 520 (1738 233 006) (1532 793 812) (3323 350 513) (6 594 377 331) Segment expenses 185 242 546 195 686 728 Profit for the period before taxes 388 004 915 768 934 189 (50 181 872) (45 282 327) (166 593 513) Taxes (262 057 712) 135 060 674 150 404 401 221 411 402 506 876 477 Profit (Loss) for the period Assets and Liabilities according to business segment 19 178 999 501 8 460 458 595 37 011 936 469 64 651 394 565 Total assets 25 107 444 639 7 605 165 988 64 651 394 565 31 938 783 938 **Total liabilities** Other business segment items (18 528 805) (35 938 185) (54 466 990) Depreciations \_ **Expedcted Credit Loss** (188 939 975) (27 840 287) (6 430 497) (223 210 759)

#### **B-Geographic analysis**

In Egyptian Pound

	Greater Cairo	Alex and Delta and Canal	Upper Egypt <u>&amp; Red Sea</u>	Total
Geographical analysis of revenues a	and expenses			
Geographical sector revenues	6 200 211 257	1 050 296 621	112 803 642	7 363 311 520
Geographical sector expenses	(5583 618 276)	(910 318 556)	(100 440 499)	(6 594 377 331)
Profit for the period before taxes	616 592 981	139 978 065	12 363 143	768 934 189
Taxes	(224 277 979)	(34 705 845)	(3 073 888)	(262 057 712)
Profit for the period	392 315 002	105 272 220	9 289 255	506 876 477
Assets and Liabilities				
Total assets	54 523 069 439	9 305 508 778	822 816 348	64 651 394 565
Total liabilities	51 842 413 358	11 941 997 339	866 983 868	64 651 394 565
Other Geographical sector items				
Depreciations	(43 685 698)	(6 065 297)	(4 715 995)	(54 466 990)
Expedcted Credit Loss	(145 367 195)	(71 350 662)	(6 492 902)	(223 210 759)

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

### 6- Cash and due from Central Bank of Egypt

In Egyptian Pound	يونيو 2022 30	دىسىبىر 2021 31
Cash on hand	261 523 201	197 284 003
Due from Central Bank of Egypt within reserve ratio	3 206 681 748	3 995 303 114
	3 468 204 949	4 192 587 117

#### 7- Due from banks

In Egyptian Pound	يونيو 2022 30	دىسىبىر 2021 31
The Central Bank of Egypt		
Current accounts	142 561 276	19 945 562
Time Deposits	7 043 297 566	4 356 313 491
	7 185 858 842	4 376 259 053
Local Banks		
Current accounts	51 331 871	24 517 595
Time Deposits	3 013 098 000	1 047 900 600
	3 064 429 871	1 072 418 195
Foreign Banks		
Current accounts	45 531 420	43 739 427
Time Deposits	915 916 299	157 167 000
	961 447 719	200 906 427
Total due from banks	11 211 736 432	5 649 583 675
Expect crdit loss provision	(3 018 985)	( 678 372)
Net due from banks	11 208 717 447	5 648 905 303
Non-interest bearing balances	239 424 567	88 202 584
Interest bearing balances	10 972 311 865	5 561 381 091
Expect credit loss provision	(3 018 985)	( 678 372)
	11 208 717 447	5 648 905 303

## 8- Treasury bills at fair value through other comprehensive income

In Egyptian Pound	يونيو 2022 30	دىسىبر 2021 31

#### I reasury bills

Net of Treasury bills after change in fair value	17 092 767 446	10 813 514 066
Net change in fair value	(113 482 218)	(8 474 679)
	17 206 249 664	10 821 988 745
REPO *	(48 982 756)	(54 870 562)
Unearned interest	(696 910 880)	(654 686 523)
<u>(Less):</u>		
	17 952 143 300	11 531 545 830
Treasury bills maturing grater than 182 to 364 days	12 048 093 300	11 456 545 830
Treasury bills maturing from 92 to 182 days	2 849 875 000	75 000 000
Treasury bills maturing to 91 days	3 054 175 000	_

## \* REPO

In Egyptian Pound	يونيو 2022 30	دىسىمبر 2021 31
Against the the amount granted by the Central Bank of Egypt within the mortgage finance initiative for low-income people	40 969 588	42 232 421
Against the the amount granted by the Central Bank of Egypt within SMEs initiative	8 013 168	12 638 141
	48 982 756	54 870 562

#### 9– Loans and advances to customers and banks

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Discounted commercial bills	464 993 244	499 366 709
Customers loans	26 727 013 266	21 791 471 954
	27 192 006 510	22 290 838 663
(Less):		
Unearned discount on discounted commercial bills	(6 603 136)	(7 655 264)
Expect credit loss provision	(1149 402 476)	(969 211 017)
Interest in suspense	(78 857 646)	(91 799 948)
	(1 234 863 258)	(1068 666 229)
	25 957 143 252	21 222 172 434

#### 9-1 Loans and Advances to customers

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Retail		
Overdraft Accounts	108 584 216	108 542 687
Personal loans	7 662 448 825	7 020 431 192
Credit cards	85 526 642	59 395 009
Real Estate Finance loans	192 222 336	196 280 110
Total (1)	8 048 782 019	7 384 648 998
Corporate		
Overdraft Accounts	5 526 244 635	4 430 732 523
Syndicated loans	1 948 504 756	1 770 149 952
Direct loans	11 203 481 856	8 205 940 481
Discounted commercial bills	464 993 244	499 366 709
Total (2)	19 143 224 491	14 906 189 665
Total loans and Advances to customers (1+2)	27 192 006 509	22 290 838 663
(Deduct):		
prepaid revenue	(6 603 136)	(7 655 264)
Expect credit loss provision	(1149 402 476)	(969 211 017)
Interest in suspense	(78 857 646)	(91 799 948)
Net	25 957 143 251	21 222 172 434

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Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## 9-2 Expect credit loss provision

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Provision balance at the beginning of the period / year ended	969 211 017	746 766 354
Expect credit loss	209 112 118	474 869 937
Proceeds from loans previously written off	24 359 035	34 818 002
Foreign currencies revaluation differences	33 922 031	( 305 300)
	1 236 604 201	1 256 148 993
Amounts written off during the period / year ended	(87 201 725)	(286 937 976)
ECL provisions at the end of the period / year ended	1 149 402 476	969 211 017

## Classification of Expect credit loss provision of loans and facilities to customers

30 June 2022

Retail				
In Egyptian Pound	Credit cards	Personal loans	Real Estate Finance loans	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period / year ended	1 736 284	153 081 988	9 474 083	164 292 355
Expect credit loss	2 468 580	26 349 053	( 977 346)	27 840 287

	2 100 500	20 547 055	( 777 510)	27 040 207
Proceeds from loans previously written off	279 724	18 873 147	5 008 390	24 161 261
Provisions used	( 369 148)	(46 178 759)	( 70 198)	(46 618 105)
Balance at the end of the period / year ended	4 115 440	152 125 429	13 434 929	169 675 798
	<u>Corporate</u>			
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Overdraft Accounts</u>	Direct loans	Syndicated loans	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period / year ended	435 677 985	257 016 870	112 223 807	804 918 662
Expect credit loss	71 029 590	87 602 136	22 640 105	181 271 831
Proceeds from loans previously written off	197 774	_	_	197 774
Foreign currencies revaluation differences	18 360 963	10 831 572	4 729 496	33 922 031
Provisions used	(40 583 620)	_	_	(40 583 620)
Balance at the end of the period / year ended	484 682 692	355 450 578	139 593 408	979 726 678
		31 Decemb	er 2021	
	<u>Retail</u>			
In Egyptian Pound	Credit cards	Personal loans	Real Estate Finance loans	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period / year ended	1 508 640	157 531 326	5 006 857	164 046 823
Expect credit loss	3 458 348	84 207 958	4 467 226	92 133 532
Proceeds from loans previously written off	303 102	30 337 340	_	30 640 442
Provisions used	(3 533 806)	(118 994 636)	_	(122 528 442)
Balance at the end of the period / year ended	1 736 284	153 081 988	9 474 083	164 292 355
	Corporate			
In Egyptian Pound	<b>Overdraft Accounts</b>	Direct loans	Syndicated loans	Total

Balance at the beginning of the period / year ended	452 771 769	22 955 993	106 991 769	582 719 531
Expect credit loss	143 303 599	234 061 532	5 371 274	382 736 405
Proceeds from loans previously written off	4 177 560	_		4 177 560
Foreign currencies revaluation differences	( 165 409)	( 655)	( 139 236)	( 305 300)
Provisions used	(164 409 534)	_	_	(164 409 534)
Balance at the end of the period / year ended	435 677 985	257 016 870	112 223 807	804 918 662

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## Financial investments

#### 10- Financial assets at amortized cost

#### Governmental debt instruments

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Quoted governmental debt instruments	438 319 956	641 223 070
Total governmental debt instruments	438 319 956	641 223 070

## Movement of treasury bonds at amortized cost

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	641 223 070	2 219 313 235
Net amortization(issuing discount & issuing premium)	458 039	458 936
Retrieval – Treasury Bonds & Financial Investments	(203 700 000)	(1580 890 762)
Net change in fair value	338 847	2 213 194
Expect credit loss provision	_	43 241
Foreign currencies revaluation differences	_	( 500)
Balance	438 319 956	641 137 344
Unearned Income		85 726
Balance at the end of the period \ year	438 319 956	641 223 070

ABU DHABI COMMERCIAL BANK– EGYPT (S.A.E) Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## 11- Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Quoted governmental debt instruments at fair value	3 953 569 755	3 857 801 387
Quoted Non governmental debt instruments at fair value	1 134 943 597	1 099 226 297
	5 088 513 352	4 957 027 684
Unearned returns after years of government	(98 659 083)	(176 337 300)
	4 989 854 269	4 780 690 384
Unquoted equity instruments	25 369 023	27 504 468
Total	25 369 023	27 504 468
Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	5 015 223 292	4 808 194 852
Current balances	4 989 854 269	4 780 690 384
Non-current balances	25 369 023	27 504 468
	5 015 223 292	4 808 194 852

#### Financial investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

In Egyptian Pound

Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	4 808 194 852	2 297 305 057
Net amortization (issuing discount & issuing premium)	58 529 153	(67 240 372)
Buy – Treasury Bonds & Financial Investments	432 692 771	3 265 915 311
Retrieval – Treasury Bonds & Financial Investments	(198 571 495)	(608 266 859)
Net change in fair value	(90 266 916)	(76 318 728)
Foreign currencies revaluation differences	4 644 927	(3 199 557)
Balance at the end of the period \ year	5 015 223 292	4 808 194 852

ABU DHABI COMMERCIAL BANK– EGYPT (S.A.E) Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

12- Investments in associates \*\*

Unquoted equity instrument

Total Investments in associates

## Associates

EL Fouadeya Development Company

* *	<u>Company Name</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	Paid in Capital	Income	<u>Net profit /(loss)</u>	Last financial statement date	<u>Headquarter</u> <u>country</u>
	EL Fouadeya Development Company	12 247 925	15 774 324	3 668 000	_	( 115 313)	31 December 2020	Egypt

30 June 2022	31 December 2021	
100	100	
100	100	

30 June 2022	31 December 2021
100	100
100	100

### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

### 13- Intangible assets

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Computer program		
Net balance at beginning of the period \ year	44 175 274	43 341 135
Additions	3 357 344	23 165 736
Total	47 532 618	66 506 871
Amortization during the period \ year	(14 638 346)	(22 331 597)
Net	32 894 272	44 175 274

#### 14- Other assets

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Accrued revenues	356 635 387	297 230 144
Prepaid expenses	48 655 977	32 109 762
Down payments to purchase of fixed assets	414 077 421	356 136 635
Assets reverted to the bank in settlement of debts *	50 586 093	51 116 301
Deposits held with others and custody	5 810 698	4 887 095
Other debit balances **	70 007 857	40 301 883
	945 773 433	781 781 820

#### The nature and analysis of the assets reverted to the

#### bank is as follows:

\*

\* \*

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Buildings and flat units reverted to bank in settlement of debt of customers	50 586 093	51 116 301
	50 586 093	51 116 301
The other debit balances include the following:		
In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021

	70 007 857	40 301 883
Others	25 168 127	11 073 733
ATM outstanding balances	44 839 730	29 228 150

### Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### 15-A Deferred Tax

#### 30 June 2022

In Egyptian Pound	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	Total
Deferred Tax (Fixed assets depreciation)		(18 207 933)	(18 207 933)
Total Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)	-	(18 207 933)	(18 207 933)

#### 31 December 2021

In Egyptian Pound	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred Tax (Fixed assets depreciation)	_	(20 207 933)	(20 207 933)
Total Deferred Tax Assets (Liabilities)	-	(20 207 933)	(20 207 933)

#### 15-B Income tax expenses

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Corporate Tax Expenses	74 800 000	7 000 000
Treasury bills and bonds revenues taxes	189 125 376	137 451 316
Dividend tax	132 336	260 286
Deferred tax – Expenses	(2 000 000)	_
	262 057 712	144 711 602

## 16-

<ul> <li>Property and equipment</li> </ul>				30 June 2022						
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u> <u>and</u> <u>constructions</u>	Integrated automated systems	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Tools and</u> equipment	<u>Leasehold</u> <u>fixtures</u>	<u>Furniture</u>	<u>Other fixtures</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Cost at the beginning of the period	-	56 956 468	212 652 685	1 520 001	74 747 924	184 517 822	20 520 889	9 987 731	560 903 520	
Additions during the period	316 146 523	-	4 600 560	2 057 000	811 425	12 621 464	750 988	-	336 987 960	
Disposals	-	(13 041 165)	-	-	( 156 980)	(8 948 973)	-	-	(22 147 118)	
Cost as at 30 June 2022	316 146 523	43 915 303	217 253 245	3 577 001	75 402 369	188 190 313	21 271 877	9 987 731	875 744 362	
Accumulated depreciation at the beginning of the period	-	18 312 822	106 770 755	871 596	57 127 649	148 186 910	16 038 474	9 987 731	357 295 937	
Depreciation for the period	-	496 494	18 039 930	301 217	6 751 584	13 673 330	566 088	-	39 828 643	
Disposals accumulated depreciation	-	(4 781 663)	-	-	-	(8 948 973)	-	-	(13 730 636)	
Accumulated depreciation as at 30 June 2022	-	14 027 653	124 810 685	1 172 813	63 879 233	152 911 267	16 604 562	9 987 731	383 393 944	
Net book value as at 30 June 2022	316 146 523	29 887 650	92 442 560	2 404 188	11 523 136	35 279 046	4 667 315		492 350 418	

## 16- Property and equipment

<u>_</u>									
In Egyptian Pound	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings</u> <u>and</u> <u>constructions</u>	Integrated automated systems	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Tools and</u> equipment	<u>Leasehold</u> <u>fixtures</u>	<u>Furniture</u>	<u>Other fixtures</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cost at the beginning of the year	52 021 263	174 722 341	146 290 554	1 520 001	96 680 210	274 972 736	35 839 141	9 987 731	792 033 977
Additions during the year	-	-	66 362 131	-	3 562 475	19 752 407	3 973 683	-	93 650 696
Disposals	(52 021 263)	(117 765 873)	-	-	(25 494 761)	(110 207 320)	(19 291 936)	-	(324 781 153)
Cost as at 31 December 2021	-	56 956 468	212 652 685	1 520 001	74 747 924	184 517 822	20 520 889	9 987 731	560 903 520
Accumulated depreciation at the beginning of the year		27 019 489	81 305 984	389 988	63 094 404	177 289 995	21 353 354	9 987 731	380 440 945
Depreciation for the year	-	3 095 248	25 464 771	481 608	14 624 844	40 004 366	4 278 507	-	87 949 344
Disposals accumulated depreciation	-	(11 801 915)	-	-	(20 591 599)	(69 107 451)	(9 593 387)	-	(111 094 352)
Accumulated depreciation as at 31 December 2021	-	18 312 822	106 770 755	871 596	57 127 649	148 186 910	16 038 474	9 987 731	357 295 937
Net book value as at 31 December 2021	-	38 643 646	105 881 930	648 405	17 620 275	36 330 912	4 482 415	-	203 607 583

31 December 2021

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## 17- Due to banks

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021	
Local banks			
Current accounts	1 268	1 059	
	1 268	1 059	
Foreign banks			
Current accounts	52 638 315	145 529 702	
	52 638 315	145 529 702	
	52 639 583	145 530 761	
Non-interest bearing balances	52 639 583	145 530 761	
	52 639 583	145 530 761	

## 18- Customers' deposits

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Demand deposits	12 703 425 747	11 448 124 020
Time and callable deposits	35 914 728 366	21 308 652 067
Saving and deposit certificates	6 787 497 748	6 091 835 684
Saving deposits	1 411 891 159	1 981 509 893
Other deposits	368 401 481	281 675 026
Total Customers' deposits	57 185 944 501	41 111 796 690
Interest in Advance on USD deposits for retail	( 459 151)	(2 060 056)
Net Customers' deposits	57 185 485 350	41 109 736 634
Corporate & SMEs deposits	46 599 237 304	30 700 564 179
Retail deposits	10 586 248 046	10 409 172 455
	57 185 485 350	41 109 736 634

Non-interest bearing balances Interest bearing balances	<u>2 793 218 192</u> 54 392 267 158	$\frac{2\ 255\ 232\ 480}{38\ 854\ 504\ 154}$
Interest bearing balances	<b>57 185 485 350</b>	<b>41 109 736 634</b>

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## 19- Other liabilities

\*

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Accrued interest	165 384 688	150 574 424
Unearned revenue	19 627	10 238 156
Accrued expenses	73 333 369	67 295 830
Creditors	5 178 435	18 631 555
Other credit balances *	497 585 998	364 810 792
	741 502 117	611 550 757
The other credit balances includes the following: in Egyptian pounds	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Stamp duty	13 469 940	13 189 162
Treasury bills taxes	200 710 743	136 890 284
Income Corporate Tax	55 770 580	47 500 000
Taxes under settlement	2 127 170	1 576 788
Staff Taxes and Insurance	13 524 721	12 576 187
Amount of contractors Insurance being held until paid Social Insurance	2 677 563	2 666 086
Amounts collected from insurance companies under settlement	11 831 805	11 400 336
Clearance cheques (Are to be settled in next day)	171 982 621	117 144 953
Letters of credit deductibles	3 352 752	840 800
ATM suspense amounts	5 078 672	6 641 302
Coupons of Certificates Deposits accrued did not paid to their owners	158 623	158 623
Amounts paid under debts settlements of some customers	830 225	830 225
Payments under sold assets revert to the bank		588 649
Banking Support and Development Fund	8 734 642	4 332 127
Other Amounts	7 335 941	8 475 270
	497 585 998	364 810 792



## 20- Other provisions

In Egyptian Pound	Balance at the beginning of the period	Charged during the period	Foreign currencies revaluation differences	Utilized during the period	Refunds from utilized provisions previously	Negated the purpose	Balance at period end
Provision for potential claims **	32 997 953	16 500 000		(8 911 228)		_	40 586 725
Contingent liabilities provision	16 551 433	7 032 874	988 121	(1 628 854)	540 000	_	23 483 574
Other provisions *	5 822 266	_	_		20 000	-	5 842 266
Loans commitment provisions	328 537	635 270	_	_	_	-	963 807
	55 700 189	24 168 144	988 121	(10 540 082)	560 000	_	70 876 372

In Egyptian Pound	Balance at the beginning of the year	Charged during the year	Foreign currencies revaluation differences	Utilized during the year	Refunds from utilized provisions previously	Negated the purpose	Balance at year end
Provision for potential claims	62 434 098	19 500 000	·	(48 936 145)			32 997 953
Contingent liabilities provision	11 175 360	5 428 870		(40 ) 50 [45]	190 638		16 551 433
Other provisions	5 842 266			( 20 000)			5 822 266
Loans commitment provisions	1 491 936					(1 163 399)	328 537
Total Provisions	80 943 660	24 928 870	(243 435)	(48 956 145)	190 638	(1 163 399)	55 700 189
*The other provisions balance as at 30 June 2022	is as follows		**The provision for potentia	Il claims balance as at 3(	June 2022 is as follows:		
Banking risk provision	1 394 000		Tax disputes provis	ion			32 031 527
Operational risk provision	578 515		Legal claims provision				8 555 198
Assets revert to the bank provision	3 869 751		Provisions for leave	balances			_
	5 842 266						40 586 725

## 30 June 2022

## 31 December 2021

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

#### 21- Shareholders' equity

#### A- Authorized capital

The authorized capital amounted to EGP Ten billion the extra ordinary general assembly dated 12 March 2021 approved the increase in the authorized capital from EGP Five billion to EGP Ten billion and the acceptance from the head of the General Authority for Free Zones and Investment was dated 9 January 2022 the annotation in the commercial register on 12 January 2022 and published in the investment gazette dated 30 January 2022 the annotation in the banks register on 3 March 2022.

### **B**- Issued and paid-up capital

The issued and paid-up capital amounted to EGP Five Billion as at June 30, 2022 distributed among 892,857 shares with par value of LE 5.60.

the extra ordinary general assembly dated 12 March 2021 approved the increase in the Issued and paid-up capital from EGP 1,474 billion to EGP Five billion and the acceptance from the head of the General Authority for Free Zones and Investment was dated 9 January 2022 the annotation in the commercial register on 12 January 2022 and published in the investment gazette dated 30 January 2022 the annotation in the banks register on 3 March 2022

## 30 June 2022

In Egyptian pound	Number of shares	Ordinary shares value	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period	263 359 688	1 474 814 253	1 474 814 253
Changes during the period	629 497 455	3 525 185 748	3 525 185 748
Balance at the end of the period	892 857 143	5 000 000 001	5 000 000 00
	31 December 2021		
In Egyptian pound	Number of shares	Ordinary shares value	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year	263 359 688	1 474 814 253	1 474 814 25
According to the bank's article of association $10\%$	263 359 688 of the annual net profit is retained to t	1 474 814 253 form the legal reserve which	
Reserves According to the bank's article of association 10% of reserve balance reaches 50% of the issued capital. Pursuant to the Central Bank of Egypt instructions to of Egypt The reserves balance comprises of the following as	of the annual net profit is retained to t	form the legal reserve which	se to the Central Bank
Reserves According to the bank's article of association 10% of reserve balance reaches 50% of the issued capital. Pursuant to the Central Bank of Egypt instructions to of Egypt The reserves balance comprises of the following as <i>In Egyptian pound</i>	of the annual net profit is retained to the balance of the special reserve car at June 30 2022:	form the legal reserve which mot be utilized without recours 30 June 2022	ceases when the se to the Central Bank 31 December 2021
Reserves According to the bank's article of association 10% of reserve balance reaches 50% of the issued capital. Pursuant to the Central Bank of Egypt instructions to of Egypt The reserves balance comprises of the following as <i>In Egyptian pound</i> Legal reserve formed in accordance with the bank's	of the annual net profit is retained to the balance of the special reserve car at June 30 2022: article of association	form the legal reserve which	ceases when the
Reserves According to the bank's article of association 10% of reserve balance reaches 50% of the issued capital. Pursuant to the Central Bank of Egypt instructions to of Egypt The reserves balance comprises of the following as <i>In Egyptian pound</i> Legal reserve formed in accordance with the bank's General reserve to be used whenever in favor of the	of the annual net profit is retained to the balance of the special reserve car at June 30 2022: article of association	form the legal reserve which mot be utilized without recours 30 June 2022	ceases when the se to the Central Bank <b>31 December 2021</b> 263 787 54
Reserves According to the bank's article of association 10% of reserve balance reaches 50% of the issued capital. Pursuant to the Central Bank of Egypt instructions to of Egypt The reserves balance comprises of the following as <i>In Egyptian pound</i> Legal reserve formed in accordance with the bank's General reserve to be used whenever in favor of the accordance with the General Assembly approval	of the annual net profit is retained to the balance of the special reserve car at June 30 2022: article of association	form the legal reserve which mot be utilized without recours 30 June 2022 311 089 891 11 504 993	ceases when the se to the Central Bank <b>31 December 2021</b> 263 787 54 11 504 99
Reserves According to the bank's article of association 10% of reserve balance reaches 50% of the issued capital. Pursuant to the Central Bank of Egypt instructions to of Egypt The reserves balance comprises of the following as <i>In Egyptian pound</i> Legal reserve formed in accordance with the bank's General reserve to be used whenever in favor of the	of the annual net profit is retained to the balance of the special reserve car at June 30 2022: article of association	form the legal reserve which mot be utilized without recours 30 June 2022 311 089 891	ceases when the se to the Central Bank <b>31 December 2021</b> 263 787 54

Revaluation differences for available for sale investments

 Balance at the end of the period / Year
 859 493 414
 688 308 069



(175 095 171)

15 750 553

Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

The changes in the reserves are represented in the following:

## A- Legal Reserve

	In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
	Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	263 787 540	216 236 225
	Changes during the period \ year	47 302 351	47 551 315
	Balance at the end of the period \ Year	311 089 891	263 787 540
<b>B</b> -	Capital Reserve		
	In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
	Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	89 220 084	74 167 937
	Changes during the period \ year	237 222 335	15 052 147
	Balance at the end of the period \ Year	326 442 419	89 220 084
C-	General banking risk reserve		
	In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
	Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	308 044 899	275 272 854
	Transferred from retained earnings	77 506 383	32 772 045
	Balance at the end of the period \ Year	385 551 282	308 044 899
Р	Fair value recence Investment through OCI		
D-	Fair value reserve – Investment through OCI		
	In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
	Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	15 750 553	112 651 024
	Net change in the fair value	(194 935 608)	(87 731 699)
	Expected Credit loss imapct	4 089 884	(9 168 772)
	Balance at the end of the period \ Year	(175 095 171)	15 750 553
E-	Asset Held For Sale reserve		
	In Egyptian pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
	Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	_	4 171 712
	Change in fair value of Orient Takaful Insurance Company	_	(4 171 712)
	Palance at the and of the naried \ Veer		· /

Balance at the end of the period \ Vear

Dalalice		peniou	I Cal

# F- <u>Retained earnings</u> In Egyptian pound

31 December 2021

30 June 2022

## Movement on retained earnings

Balance at the beginning of the period \ year	725 127 275	918 966 240
<ul> <li>Transferred to legal reserve</li> </ul>	(47 302 351)	(47 551 315)
<ul> <li>Employees share in the profit</li> </ul>	(71 024 585)	(49 056 529)
<ul> <li>Board of directors remuneration</li> </ul>	(12 000 000)	(13 143 208)
<ul> <li>Transferred to Capital reserve</li> </ul>	(237 222 335)	(15 052 147)
<ul> <li>Dividend shareholders</li> </ul>	(73 740 713)	(737 407 127)
-Transformer of the Banking System Support and Development Fund	(4 402 515)	(4 332 127)
Retained earnings	279 434 776	52 423 787
Net profit for the period \ year	506 876 477	710 245 847
-Transferred to General Banking Risk reserve	(77 506 383)	(31 785 412)
-Transferred to General Banking Risk reserve (Assets revert to the bank)	_	( 986 633)
- Transferred to Asset Held For Sale reserve and disposal loss	_	(4 770 314)
<ul> <li>Refund part of the BOD remuneration</li> </ul>	15 446 896	_
<ul> <li>Disposal Loss financial Assets Fair value through OCI – Equity</li> </ul>	(1 061 971)	
Balance at the end of the period / Year	723 189 795	725 127 275

#### 22- Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presenting the cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents include the following balances maturing within less than 3 months from the date of acquisition.

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Cash and due from Central Bank of Egypt (Note no 6)	261 523 201	192 668 091
Due from banks (Note no 7)	1 188 224 588	2 798 687 907
Treasury bills and the governmental notes (Note no 8)	3 054 175 000	298 600 000
	4 503 922 789	3 289 955 998

#### 23- Contingent liabilities and commitments

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Loan Commitments – Irrevocable	574 905 884	4 372 309 558
Letter of guarantee	5 093 831 208	3 825 947 096
Letter of credit	720 588 653	5 356 466 615
Other contingent liabilities	629 414 110	) 556 084 935
	7 018 739 85	7 5 110 808 204

#### 24- <u>Net income from revenue</u>

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Loans interest and similar revenues		
Loans, facilities and deposits at banks		
Deposits at banks	353 416 907	63 843 763
Loans and facilities to clients	1 462 268 347	1 109 117 977
Total loans & banks	1 815 685 254	1 172 961 740
Treasury bills	673 584 779	443 810 513
Investment in available for sale and held to maturity debt instruments	339 913 602	305 081 918
Total Debt instruments	1 013 498 381	748 892 431
Total Loans interest and similar revenues	2 829 183 635	1 921 854 171

#### Interest expense and similar charges

#### Deposits and current accounts:

Net interest income	1 153 126 283	806 437 083
Total Interest expense and similar charges	(1 676 057 352)	(1 115 417 088)
Other Loans & REPO	( 600 717)	( 781 689)
To clients	(1 674 747 830)	(1 097 647 699)
To banks	( 708 805)	(16 987 700)

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Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## 25- Dividends income

In Egyptian Pound	30 يونيو 2022	30 يونيو 2021
Financial securities through OCI	1 323 360	2 602 855
	1 323 360	2 602 855

## 26- Net trading income

In Egyptian Pound	30 يونيو 2022	30 يونيو 2021
Revaluation differences of Debt instruments & equity instruments	_	( 16 898)
Dividends from debt instruments for investements through profit and loss	_	74 646
Gains /(Losses) from debt and equity instruments at amortized cost	_	1 694 260
	-	1 752 008

## 27- Gains from financial investments

In Egyptian Pound	30 يونيو 2022	30 يونيو 2021
Gains on sale of treasury bills and bonds	12 867 845	1 700 923
	12 867 845	1 700 923

## 28- Charge of impairment for expected credit losses

In Egyptian Pound	30 يونيو 2022	30 يونيو 2021
Loans and advances – Impairment charge	209 112 118	102 671 926
Due from banks – Impairment charge	2 340 613	19 703
Financial investments at amortized cost – Impairment charge (reverse)	_	( 43 241)
Financial investments at fair value through OCI – Impairment charge (reverse)	4 089 884	(10 124 442)
	215 542 615	92 523 946

## 29- Administrative expenses

In Egyptian Pound	30 يونيو 2022	30 يونيو 2021
Labor cost		
Wages and salaries	197 270 711	169 223 019
Social insurance	11 579 020	9 750 145
Total Labor cost	208 849 731	178 973 164
Other administrative expenses*	217 996 749	193 156 250
	426 846 480	372 129 414
* Other administrative expenses		
In Egyptian Pound	30 يونيو 2022	30 يونيو 2021
Depreciation and amortization	54 466 990	54 270 840
Subscriptions	15 352 289	14 413 399
Taxes and fees	40 905 895	31 251 998
Repair and maintenance	37 785 966	30 829 981
Insurance	3 331 009	2 327 441
Advertising	8 745 931	3 820 255
Security and cleaning	10 993 927	11 408 742
Electricity water mail swifts & Gas	8 936 216	8 768 366
Hospitality	1 686 512	871 511
Stationary & Prints	1 532 397	1 147 763
Expenses and commissions for sales and customer service representatives	21 868 134	22 369 217
Community Contribution and Donations	3 263 305	3 000 000
Others	9 128 178	8 676 737
	217 996 749	193 156 250

ABU DHABI COMMERCIAL BANK– EGYPT (S.A.E) Notes to condensed interim Financial Statements for the period ended June 30, 2022

## 30- Other operating revenues (expenses)

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
Gains from revaluation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies and foreign exchange earnings	22 323 403	26 830 275
Gains from sale of fixed assets	70 650 607	44 779 178
Other provision formed	(24 168 144)	(12 559 333)
Assets rent expense	(66 849 571)	(31 758 218)
Gains from assets reverted to the bank	( 842 991)	( 37 854)
	1 113 304	27 254 048

## 31- Profit per share

The portion of the share in the profit is calculated by dividing the net profits of the shareholders of the bank by ordinary shares.

	In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Net profit for the period	506 876 477	357 568 757
Deduct:	Employees share	(50 687 648)	(35 756 876)
Deduct:	B.O.D. remuneration	(7 685 800)	_
	distributed net profit	448 503 029	321 811 881
	Weighted average number of shares	892 857 143	263 359 688
	Profit per share	0.50	1.22

## 32- Capital commitments

The uncalled capital commitments related to the financial investments at the balance sheet date amounted to EGP 629,414,110 as follows:

In Egyptian Pound	<u>Commitments</u>	<u>Amount</u> <u>Paid</u>	<u>Unclaimed / unpaid</u> <u>amount</u>
Obligations for leases	629 414 110		629 414 110
	629 414 110	_	629 414 110



#### 33- Effective average interest rates during the period

The average interest rates on assets 11.72<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> and liabilities 8.13<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> during the period.

## 34- Transactions with related parties

The bank deals with its related parties on the same basis as with other parties. In the balance sheet date the nature of these significant transactions and its balances represented in are as follows:-

In Egyptian Pound	30 June 2022	31 December 2021
Nature of transactions		
Due from banks	27 099 949	6 488 104
Contingent liabilities and commitment	4 329 012 619	3 850 545 766



#### Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank - Egypt (S.A.E)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2022

#### <u>35- Tax status</u>

#### First : <u>Corporate income tax</u>

#### Years from establishment till 2008

- The taxes due for this period were fully paid according to the appeal committees assessments and Dispute settlement committees

#### Year 2009/2018

- The bank was notified with a form 19 with a tax amounted of EGP 709 M appeal was conducted and currently pending for the decision of internal committee and It issued its decision to re-inspection it to express its opinion on some points of disagreement in light of the documents submitted by the bank A defense memorandum and a document portfolio were submitted and the dispute was handled and concluded with the Egyptian tax authority which resulted in a tax of EGP 20 M after effect the losses of the years 2007/2008 as well as tax on independent pool with an amount of EGP 14.5 M.
- As well as what is being calculated by the ETA in return for delay penalties in accordance with Article 110 and penalties for delay in accordance with Article 87 of Law 91 of 2005 and its amendments which's estimated by the bank's tax consultant about 40 MEGP and it is expected to decrease the amount to be EGP 20 M.
- The bank paid an amount of 40 MEGP from the tax account for the years 2009/2018 thus the surplus amount for years 2007/2014 is EGP 5.5 M to be used for the result of penalties.

#### Year 2019/2021

- The bank submitted the tax return for these years and not inspected till date noting that the expected tax amount will be 9 MEGP from inspection in addition to 3 MEGP tax on independent pool.

The tax rate for the period ended 30 June 2022 reached 34.1 %

#### Second : <u>Delay penalties</u>

The delay penalties regarding the year 1994/2002 amounted of 24.7 MEGP the due amount was fully paid.

#### Third : Stamp duty tax

#### From 2002\2020

All branches were inspected in accordance with the regulations of law 111 for year 1980 and its amendments law 143 for year 2006.

After the tax authority inspection, the tax differences were fully paid in addition to delay penalties for Horreah branch year 2002 EGP 184 thousand and also for years 2016\2019 penalties EGP 5.6 M under formation.

#### Abu Dhabi Commercial Bank - Egypt (S.A.E) NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 June 2022

#### Year 2021

Not Investigated yet and provisions charged with 3 million EGP according to the opinion of the tax consultant.

#### Fourth : Payroll Tax

#### Years from 1981 till 1998

The taxes due for the period were fully paid according to the internal and appeal committees' decisions.

#### Years from 1999 till 2005

The taxes assessed by the internal committee amounted of 4.6 million EGP the bank object against it in front of court which's ended with a tax amount 2.3 MEGP it was fully paid during Q2-2013.

#### Years 2006 till 2019

The bank was notified with estimated tax differences with an amount of 109 MEGP the bank object against it in front of internal committee which's ended with tax amount 19.5 MEGP and it was fully paid in addition to delay penalties 27 MEGP the bank object against it and in a continues process to allocate the needed provisions.

#### Year 2020\2021

Year 2020 under inspection and year 2021 not inspected yet as per tax consultant a provision with EGP 7 M was fully formed.

#### 36-<u>Comparative figures</u>

Comparative figures that are presented in the notes have been reclassified.